

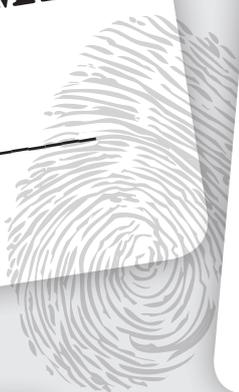
# PRESERVING THE PEACE



**Policing on the Island of Ireland: 1814-2014**

## DON'T DO THE CRIME!

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_  
 CRIMINAL NICKNAME AKA: \_\_\_\_\_  
 AGE: \_\_\_\_\_

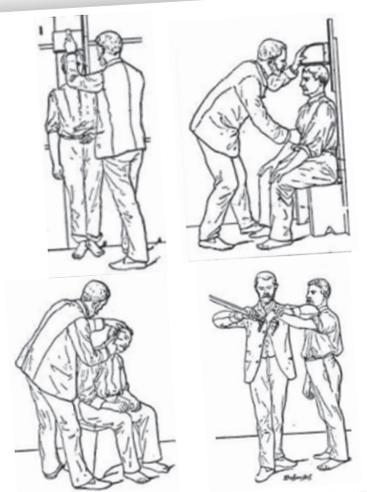


**DRAW YOUR MUG-SHOT OR ADD PHOTO**

## MEASURING YOU UP

### DID YOU KNOW?

In the late 19th Century before photographs and fingerprints were commonly used the police took body measurements and wrote descriptions of criminals based on a physical description and eye witness testimony. It was believed by measuring the major dimensions of a person's body one might have a unique ID because adult bones tend not to grow much after you are 20. This measurement, called Bertillonage, was used for a decade throughout the world until errors were recognised in this system and fingerprinting took over.



**Try out some of the measurements that were used for identification and record in centimetres. You might need some help with some of them.**

1. **Standing**, I am \_\_\_\_\_ cms
2. **Sitting**, I am \_\_\_\_\_ cms (use the stool)
3. My **left middle finger** is \_\_\_\_\_ cms (use the ruler)
4. My **right ear** is \_\_\_\_\_ cms (use the ruler)



Add up all the measurements! \_\_\_\_\_  
 Do you think you will have the same measurement in 10 years? \_\_\_\_\_

# FINGERPRINTS

NOBODY HAS THE SAME ONE!

## DID YOU KNOW?

Did you notice the 'do not touch' signs in the Museum? Every time we touch something we leave an oily print. This harms objects but for finding criminals fingerprinting is a very important tool. Rather than just identifying repeat offenders, fingerprints could be taken from crime scenes and compared with records held by authorities.



## TAKE YOUR THUMBPRINT

- Press your thumb on the inked pad and roll
- Press your thumb into the square box
- Clean your thumb with the tissue provided
- Use the magnifying glass to identify features

What do you see on your thumb print? Look for 3 main patterns (please ✓)

Arches



Loops



Whorls



## FIT THE CRIME WITH THE PUNISHMENT

See if you can guess the real-life punishments these people received from the list below:



- 10 years hard labour
- 15 years transportation
- Executed
- 7 years transportation
- 10 years transportation
- Hanged for murder

- Crime:** George Robert Fitzgerald in 1786 assisted in the murders of McDonnell & Hipson  
**Punishment:** \_\_\_\_\_
- Crime:** John Lane in 1849 (age 10) was found guilty of stealing potatoes  
**Punishment:** \_\_\_\_\_
- Crime:** Mary Regan in 1826 (age 20) guilty of possession of stolen clothes  
**Punishment:** \_\_\_\_\_
- Crime:** Robert Emmett in 1803 charged with leadership of a failed uprising and murder of the Lord Chief Justice.  
**Punishment:** \_\_\_\_\_
- Crime:** James Doyle 1845 charged in Dublin of Highway Robbery  
**Punishment:** \_\_\_\_\_
- Crime:** Michael Colishem 1848 charged with sheep stealing, Co.Galway  
**Punishment:** \_\_\_\_\_

Find the answers at reception.